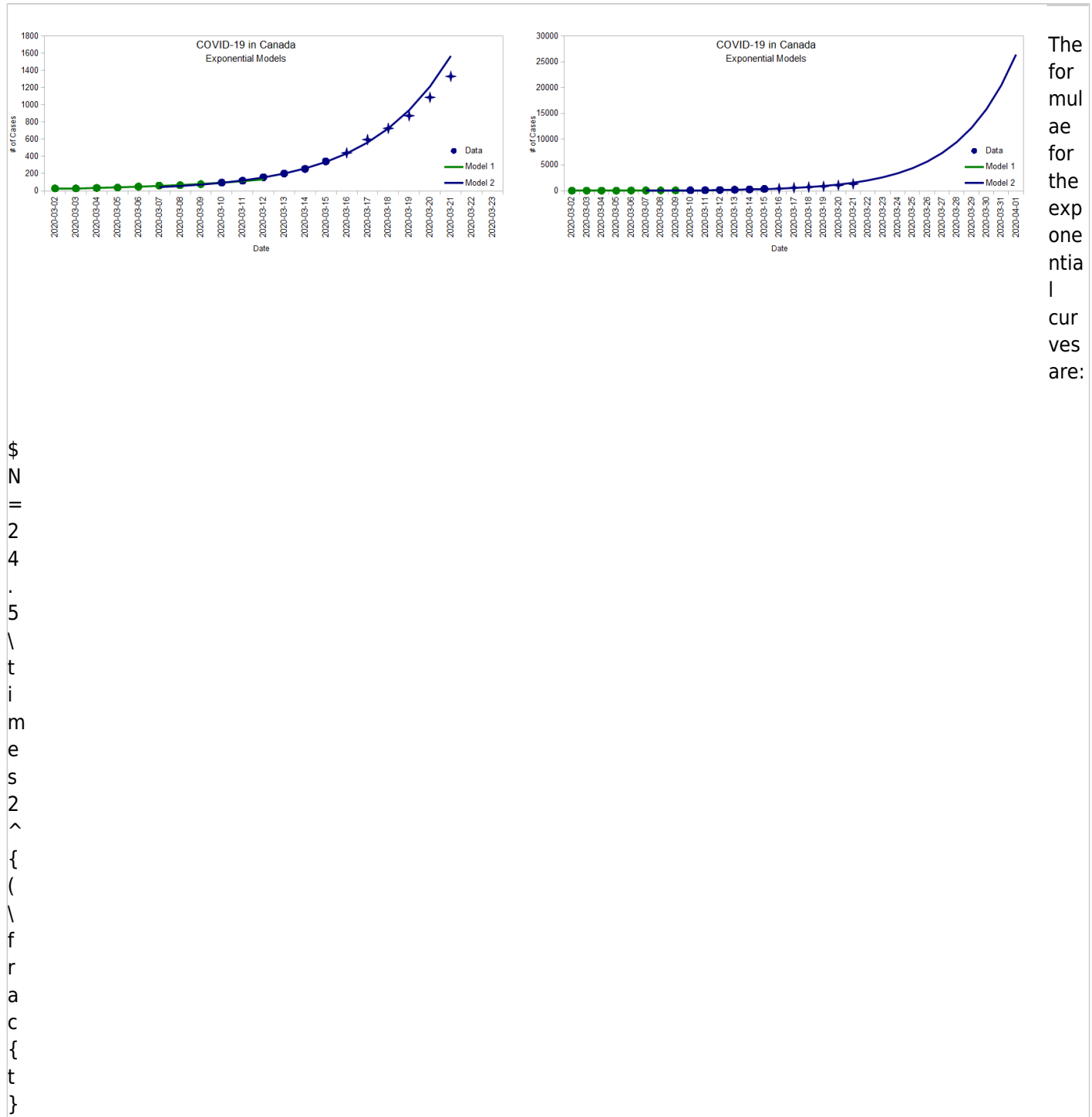


COVID-19 Spread (Part II)



- I'm not an epidemiologist, doctor, or any kind of expert on the subject. I just look at the numbers.

In [Part I](#), I built an exponential model using data between March 2 and March 15, then continued to add daily numbers to see how that model tracked:



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Initially, the number of cases doubled every 2.7 days, predicting almost 1600 cases by the end of Saturday, but since Thursday, the rate of infection seems to have slowed down a bit and we got about 240 cases less than predicted. This deviation from the exponential model is what I'm exploring here.

Growth Factor

There's a ratio involving three data points that's useful to track how "fast" the exponential grows. It's easier to explain with an example, so suppose we had three days like this:

Day	# of Cases	New Cases	Growth Factor
Day 1	10	10	1.0
Day 2	11	1	1.1
Day 3	13	2	1.2

- If the growth factor is less than 1, then the infection rate is leveling off.

number of new cases is itself increasing, which means we are still in the

To calculate the growth factor:

the number of cases is growing at a constant rate. This is the middle of the

- The first step is to calculate the number of new cases (20 - 10 = 10).
- Then, we take the ratio between the number of new cases (20 ÷ 10 = 2)

Here are the number of cases in Canada with the calculated growth factors:

Date	# of Cases	New Cases	Growth Factor
2020-03-01	?		
2020-03-02	27		
2020-03-03	27	0	
2020-03-04	33	6	
2020-03-05	37	4	0.67
2020-03-06	48	11	2.75
2020-03-07	60	12	1.09
2020-03-08	64	4	0.33
2020-03-09	77	14	3.25
2020-03-10	95	18	1.38
2020-03-11	117	22	1.22
2020-03-12	157	40	1.82
2020-03-13	201	44	1.10
2020-03-14	254	53	1.20
2020-03-15	342	88	1.66

Date	# of Cases	New Cases	Growth Factor
2020-03-16	441	99	1.33
2020-03-17	596	155	1.57
2020-03-18	727	131	0.85
2020-03-19	873	146	1.11
2020-03-20	1087	214	1.47
2020-03-21	1331	244	1.14
2020-03-22	1472 ¹⁾	141	0.58
2020-03-23			
2020-03-24			
2020-03-25			
2020-03-26			
2020-03-27			
2020-03-28			
2020-03-29			
2020-03-30			

There's a lot of variation in the growth factor or because real life is messy. It's also worth

keeping in mind that the number of cases are contingent on how much testing we do. It's easy to imagine that testing labs are lagging a few days behind and that they'll sometimes be able to

report more results one day and less the next. We don't have an accurate picture of the world here so it's hard to make any kind of hard predictions. Nevertheless, if we plot the growth factor

on a
graph,
we
can
see
a bit
of a
pattern:



Overall, the growth factor seems to stay above 1 (exponential phase), but it looks like we might be on track to reach 1 by the end of the month (end of exponential phase). If that's the case, and if we continue to implement measures to slow the down the spread, then we'll be in a better position to estimate the final outcome by the end of the month. Here's why.

The Logistic Curve

In [Part I](#), we saw that very different Logistic Curves can fit the current data, and that there's really no way of knowing which path we're on yet. Here they are again:



- [Model 3](#) is the very best case scenario where the total number will be double of what it is today. This assumes that the growth factor reached 1 yesterday (March 21), which it hasn't.
- [Model 4](#) is a very likely scenario where the total number reaches 20,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on April 1st. This is **not** a worst case scenario. Things could be much worse (look at Italy).
- [Model 5](#) is an optimistic scenario where the total number reaches 12,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on March 30st.

Model 3	Model 4	Model 5
$N = \frac{2660}{1 + e^{-0.32(t - 21.1)}}$	$N = \frac{20000}{1 + e^{-0.24(t - 32)}}$	$N = \frac{12000}{1 + e^{-0.232(t - 30)}}$

There's a few things to know about the Logistic Curve, in the middle:

- The curve is flat like a straight line, which indicates that the growth rate is constant.
- This means that the growth factor is 1 (by definition)
- It also happens that this is the halfway point in terms of total number of cases.

So once we reach that point, we'll be able to get a better estimate of where we'll end up. Until then, things are still very much in the air.

1)

BC did not report its numbers on March 22.

I'll wait until the end of March 23 to re-calculate the Growth Factor best fit line.