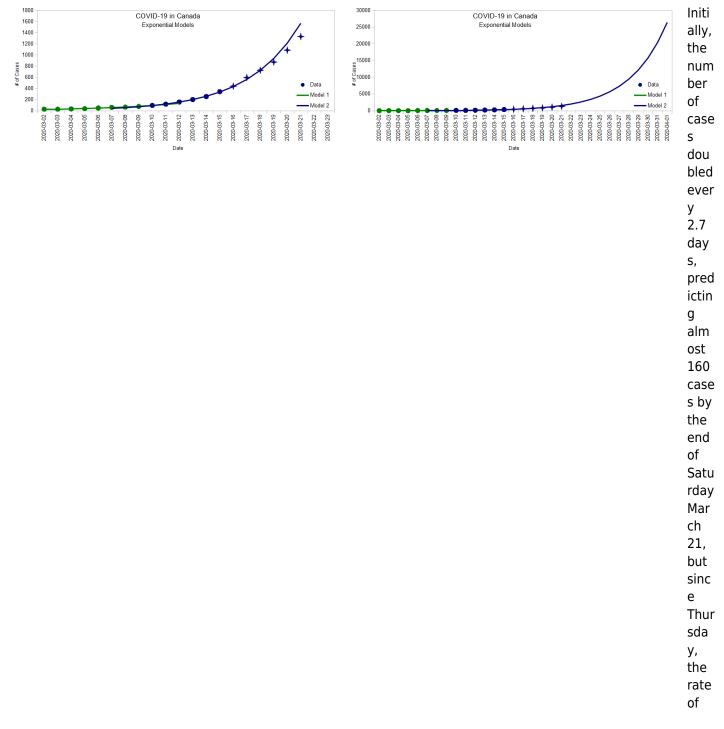
## COVID-19 Spread (Part II)



• I'm not an epidemiologist, doctor, or any kind of expert on the subject. I just look at the numbers.

In Part I, I built an exponential model using data between March 2 and March 15, then continued to add daily numbers to see how that model tracked:



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### **Growth Factor**

There's a ratio involving three data points that's useful to track how "fast" the exponential grows. It's easier to explain with an example, so suppose we had three days like this:

#### Day # of Cases New Cases Growth Factor f the growth factor is above 1, the number of new cases is itself increasing, which means we are still in the Day1 100 Exponential phase. To calculate the growth factor:

				r of case	s is growingeatimatestastastoratalculaiseishbenemideale oo f the
Day2	<b>1pg</b> istic Cur	<b>ነ</b> ዊ (more on	that soon).	1	new cases from one day to the next.
Day3	1ß <b>t</b> he growt	2 <b>6</b> actor is les	🔉 than 1, then th	e infect	ion rate is here lingt affe the ratio between the number

of new cases  $(20 \div 10 = 2)$ 

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Date	# of Cases	New Cases	<b>Growth Factor</b>	Date	# of Cases	New Cases	<b>Growth Factor</b>
2020-03-01	?			2020-03-16	441	99	1.33
2020-03-02	27			2020-03-17	596	155	1.57
2020-03-03	27	0		2020-03-18	727	131	0.85
2020-03-04	33	6		2020-03-19	873	146	1.11
2020-03-05	37	4	0.67	2020-03-20	1087	214	1.47
2020-03-06	48	11	2.75	2020-03-21	1331	244	1.14
2020-03-07	60	12	1.09	2020-03-221)			
2020-03-08	64	4	0.33	2020-03-23	2091	380	1.56
2020-03-09	77	14	3.25	2020-03-24	2792	701	1.84
2020-03-10	95	18	1.38	2020-03-25			
2020-03-11	117	22	1.22	2020-03-26			
2020-03-12	157	40	1.82	2020-03-27			
2020-03-13	201	44	1.10	2020-03-28			
2020-03-14	254	53	1.20	2020-03-29			
2020-03-15	342	88	1.66	2020-03-30			

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We don't have an accurate picture of the world here so it's hard to make any kind of hard predictions. Never-theless, as of March 21, there seemed to be decreasing pattern:

Overall, the growth factor is mostly above 1 (in the exponential phase), but it looks like we might be on track to reach 1 by the end of the month (end of exponential phase). If that's the case, and if we continue to implement measures to slow the down the spread, then we'll be in a better position to estimate the final outcome by the end of the month. Here's why.

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### **The Logistic Curve**

In Part I, we saw that very different Logistic Curves can fit the current data, and that there's really no way of knowing which path we're on yet. Here they are again:

- Logistic 1 is the very best case scenario where the total number will be double of what it is today. This assumes that the growth factor reached 1 yesterday (March 21), which it hasn't.
- Logistic 2 is an optimistic scenario where the total number reaches 12,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on March 30st.
- Logistic 3 is a very likely scenario where the total number reaches 20,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on April 1st. This is **not** a worst case scenario. Things could be much worse (look at Italy).

Logistic 1	Logistic 2	Logistic 3
$\$N = \frac{2660}{1 + e^{-0.32(t - 0.32(t - 0.32))}}$	$N = \frac{12000}{1 + e^{-0.232}}$	$\$N = \frac{20000}{1 + e^{-0.24(t - b^{-0.24})}}$
21.1)}}\$\$	- 30)}}\$\$	32)}}\$\$

There's a few things to know about the Logistic Curve, in the middle:

- The curve is flat like a straight line, which indicates that the growth rate is constant.
- This means that the growth factor is 1 (by definition)
- It also happens that this is the halfway point in terms of total number of cases.

So once we reach that point, we'll be able to get a better estimate of where we'll end up. Until then, things are still

very much in the air.

# March 24th Update

A lot happened over at the beginning of the week:

- BC seems to be dropping the ball on testing. Their reported numbers are proportionally much lower than Quebec and Ontario, which indicates we are simply not testing enough.
- Quebec went the opposite way, increasing their testing.

Over all, it looks like we are back on the exponential curve with an overall doubling time of 3.1 days:

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BC did not report its numbers on March 22 so I excluded this data point.