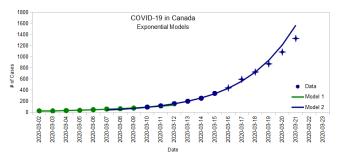
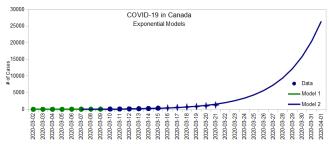
COVID-19 Spread (Part II)



- I'm not an epidemiologist, doctor, or any kind of expert on the subject. I just look at the numbers.
- This was originally written on Sunday March 22nd. Since then, I've updated the numbers and added updates at the end of the post.

In Part I, I built an exponential model using data between March 2 and March 15, then continued to add daily numbers to see how that model tracked:





Initi ally, the num ber of case S dou bled ever У 2.7 day S, pred ictin g alm ost 160 case s by the end of Satu rday Mar ch 21, but sinc е Thur sda

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infe ctio n rate see ms to hav slow ed dow n a bit and we got abo ut 133 1 case S inst ead. This devi atio n from the exp one ntial mod el is wha

t I expl ore belo w.

Growth Factor

There's a ratio involving three data points that's useful to track how "fast" the exponential grows. It's easier to explain with an example, so suppose we had three days like this:

Day # of Cases New Case	Growth Factor	now ca	sos is itself increasing each day, which means we are still in
Day1 100	L , the number of	liew ca	ses is itself increasing each day, which means we are still in

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Day #10fe@ases Niewp@ases Growth Factor

To calculate the growth factor:

Day2 If the **growth** factor = 1, then the number of cases is growing at a constant rate (same amount each day).

Day3 If the **growth** factor = 1, then the number of cases is growing at a constant rate (same amount each day).

Take the number of new cases from one day

to the next (10 new cases from Day 1 to Day

If the **growth factor** < 1, then the infection rate is levelling off new cases from Day 2 to Day 3)

- - Then, take the ratio between new cases (20 $\div 10 = 2$)

е are the num ber of case s in Can ada with the calc ulat ed gro wth fact ors:

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Date	# of Cases	New Cases	Growth Factor
2020-03-01	?		
2020-03-02	27		
2020-03-03	27	0	
2020-03-04	33	6	
2020-03-05	37	4	0.67
2020-03-06	48	11	2.75
2020-03-07	60	12	1.09
2020-03-08	64	4	0.33
2020-03-09	77	14	3.25
2020-03-10	95	18	1.38
2020-03-11	117	22	1.22
2020-03-12	157	40	1.82
2020-03-13	201	44	1.10
2020-03-14	254	53	1.20
2020-03-15	342	88	1.66

Date	# of Cases	New Cases	Growth Factor	
2020-03-16	441	99	1.33	Ther
2020-03-17	596	155	1.57	e's a lot
2020-03-18	727	131	0.85	of
2020-03-19	873	146	1.11	vari
2020-03-20	1087	214	1.47	atio
2020-03-21	1331	244	1.14	n in
2020-03-22 ¹⁾				the
2020-03-23	2091	380	1.56	gro
2020-03-24	2792	701	1.84	wth
2020-03-25				fact
2020-03-26				or bec
2020-03-27				aus
2020-03-28				е
2020-03-29				real
2020-03-30				life

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ping in min d that the num bers we see are cont inge nt on how muc h testi ng we do. lt's easy to ima gine that testi ng labs are lagg ing а few day S behi nd and that they Ш som etim es be able

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We don't have an accurate picture of the world here so it's hard to make any kind of hard predictions. Never-theless, as of March 21, there seemed to be a loosely decreasing pattern:



Overall, the growth factor is mostly above 1 (in the exponential phase), but it looks like we might be on track to reach 1 by the end of the month (end of exponential phase). If that's the case, and if we continue to implement measures to slow the down the spread, then we'll be in a better position to estimate the final outcome by the end of the month. Here's why.

The Logistic Curve

In Part I, we saw that very different Logistic Curves can fit the current data, and that there's really no way of knowing which path we're on yet. Here they are again:



- Logistic 1 is the very best case scenario where the total number will be double of what it is today. This assumes that the growth factor reached 1 yesterday (March 21), which it hasn't.
- Logistic 2 is an optimistic scenario where the total number reaches 12,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on March 30st.
- Logistic 3 is a very likely scenario where the total number reaches 20,000 and the growth factor reaches 1 on April 1st. This is **not** a worst case scenario. Things could be much worse (look at Italy).

Logistic 1	Logistic 2	Logistic 3
$$N = \frac{2660}{1 + e^{-0.32(t - e^{-0.32})}}$	$$N = \frac{12000}{1 + e^{-0.232}(t)}$	$$N = \frac{20000}{1 + e^{-0.24(t - e^{-0.24(t $
21.1)}}\$\$	- 30)}}\$\$	32)}}\$\$

Here are a few things to know about the Logistic Curve. In the middle:

- The curve is flat like a straight line, which indicates that the growth rate is constant.
- This means that the growth factor is 1 (by definition)
- It also happens that this is the halfway point in terms of total number of cases.

So once we reach that point, we'll be able to get a better estimate of where we'll end up. Until then, things are still

very much in the air.

March 24th Update

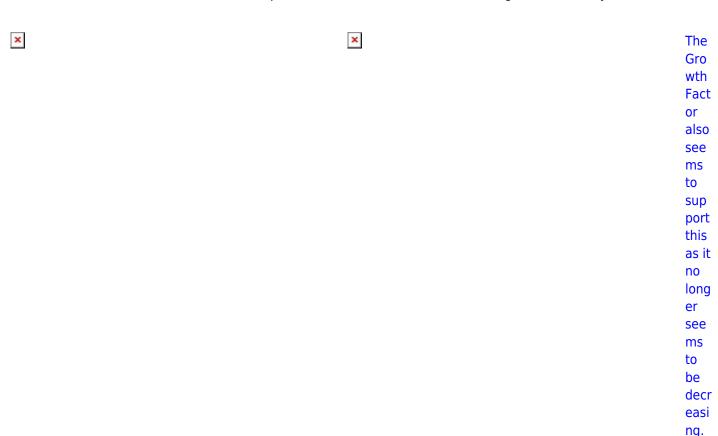
A lot happened at the beginning of the week:

• BC seems to be dropping the ball on testing. Their reported numbers are proportionally much lower than Quebec and Ontario, which indicates we are simply not testing enough.

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• Quebec went the opposite way, increasing their testing.

Over all, it looks like we are back on the exponential curve with an overall doubling time of 3.1 days:



Over a week ago, when we only had 342 cases, the model predicted we were about two weeks behind Italy (which had 26,000 cases at the time). The updated model (doubling every 3.1 days) predicts that we are 15 days behind Italy (with over 69,000 cases). What we are doing is not working.

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According to the CBC:

"Dix and provincial health officer Dr. Bonnie Henry both said they are optimistic B.C. isn't following the same path as countries like Italy that have seen their healthcare systems overwhelmed by huge spikes in hospitalizations and deaths."

The numbers disagree. Country-wide, we have been two weeks behind Italy without any significant change for over a week. Province wide, we are doing less testing than others so the numbers we have are underestimates. There are no reasons to be optimistic about being on a different path. I guess we'll see in a week or two – when it's too late.

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BC did not report its numbers on March 22 so I excluded this data point.