JS8 using IC-7300

To get started, have a look at these pages:

- IC 7300 Settings for Digital Modes
- JS8Call main page
- JS8Call Download
- JS8Call on groups.io

JS8CALL Setup

Under File \rightarrow Settings...

- Radio → CAT Control:
 - Rig: Icom IC-7300
 - $\circ\,$ Serial Port: Depends on each computer
 - $\circ~$ Baud Rate: 9600
 - Data Bits: Default
 - Stop Bits: Default
 - Handshake: Default
- Radio \rightarrow Rig Options
 - $\circ~$ PTT Method: RTS
 - $\circ\,$ Port: Same as on the Cat $\,$ Control page $\,$
 - Mode: None
 - Split Operation: Fake It
 - Tx Delay: 0.2 s
- Audio
 - Soundcard Input and Output: (USB Audio CODEC)

Computer Timing

At normal speed, JS8Call transmits in blocks of 15 seconds.¹⁾ For two stations to be able to communicate, the start of these blocks has to be synchronized to within about 2 seconds of the horizontal lines on each station's scope. That's why it's really important for everyone to keep their computer clock as accurate as possible (to within 2 seconds of each other). You can easily test the accuracy of your clock by going to https://time.is

Here's an example of a block that is within the horizontal lines, so it's well synchronized (with my station anyways):

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There are three ways to adjust your clock:

1. You can use an **internet** service to adjust your computer's clock such as Network Time. Here are the

Network Time settings I changed so that it keeps my clock within 200 ms:

- 2. If you're "offline", you can use the **WWV time signals**²⁾ on 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, or 20 MHz.
- 3. You can use the **Time Drift tool in JS8CALL**, which adjusts the program's clock offset without changing the operating system's clock. To see the tool, make sure that this has a check mark: View → Show Waterfall Controls → Timing tab. Use the up and down arrows to adjust your time drift (more on this below):

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Here's how to use the Time Drift Tool:

- Make sure that you can see the Time Delta column in your Band Activity Window. If not, make sure that this is checked: View → Show Band Activity Columns... → Time Delta
- If everyone's computers were perfectly synchronized, all these Time Delta entries would be 0 ms. Realistically, there's always be a bit of variance, but you should try to ensure that your clock is synchronized with most other operators.

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- For example, suppose that most operators are around +500 ms, then you'd want to adjust your Time Drift to -500 ms to cancel out the Time Delta (and vice versa). Note the sign (+/-) of the Time Drift is opposite that of the Time Delta For example, here I had to put a Time Drift of -100 on mine to match the other operators:
- The last thing to keep in mind is that this time drift might need to be adjusted periodically depending on how well your computer keeps time.

Troubleshooting

CPU Overload

The Issue: Sometimes the QSOs in JS8Call don't get decoded properly: The waterfall shows the data blocks being received, but the text doesn't show, or parts of it do, but with gaps showing as "..." instead.

The Reason: At first, I thought that the YAAC (the APRS program I was running at the same time) was causing the issue because when I close it, JS8Call would start behaving again. But it turns out that it was simply a lack of CPU power. I'm running JS8Call on a cheap mini computer and was reaching 100% CPU when running JS8Call, YAAC, and Firefox at the same time.

Turns out that running any two of these programs is fine, but not all three.

To check on your CPU usage, press CTRL+ALT+DEL on your keyboard, then select Task Manager.

Note

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Here's a summary of the different speed:

Mode	Bandwidth	Speed	Frame Length	Mininum SNR
Slow	25 Hz	8 WPM	30 seconds	-28 dB
Normal	50 Hz	16 WPM	15 seconds	-24 dB
Fast	80 Hz	24 WPM	10 seconds	-20 dB
Turbo	160 Hz	40 WPM	6 seconds	-18 dB

The new MULTI decoder can decode all four speeds at once.

S Wikipedia: WWV (Radio Station)